

Next Chapter Notes

A Newsletter for those in
pre-retirement or retirement

Start Healing Yourself Now

If you're in your 40s or 50s, you're probably noticing signs of aging—such as a knee that aches climbing stairs, blood pressure creeping up, or more fatigue after mowing the lawn. This is when small issues left unchecked stop staying small. Chronicity accelerates. What you do now matters more than ever, since your habits may determine how many health conditions you're managing in your 70s and 80s—and some can limit your independence or shorten your life. You've had your fun with fast food, overindulgence, and convenience eating, and that's okay. But start eating foods that heal you now instead of foods that just satisfy. Add more vegetables, lean protein, and fiber. Move your body most days outside of work. Don't skip medical screenings or avoid doctors. A slight shift now may limit aging's signals, reduce their severity, and lower the number of serious issues you face later. You'll want to thrive in your subsequent Chapters.



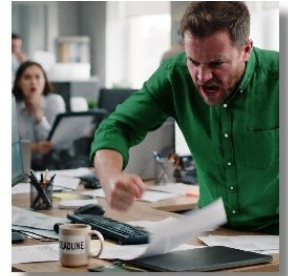
Stress Tips from the Field: Reducing “Mental Noise”

Mental noise is the constant low-grade clutter of deadlines to remember, unfinished conversations, worries, and half-done to-dos. It's also called “cognitive load,” and it adds up, quietly draining energy on a normal day. When cognitive load stays high, your brain has fewer mental resources available for problem-solving, creativity, memory, concentration, and emotional self-control, making everyday tasks feel more difficult than they really are. To quiet it, try a brain dump: Get every task and worry out of your head and onto paper, where it stops demanding attention. Challenge yourself to limit how many things you try to mentally track and juggle. Build short mental reset pauses into your day—set a timer to help make it happen, even for just a minute or two. Notice the relief.



Disproportionate Anger at Home & Work

Everyone sometimes expresses anger at home and at work, though most of it is short-lived, understandable, and managed quickly—a bad meeting, a sudden family conflict, deadline change, a missed opportunity. But there's another kind of anger worth paying attention to, because it signals the potential for violence. The key difference is proportionality: when the size, intensity, or duration of a reaction does not match what caused it. That's the difference between ordinary anger and “concerning anger.” You'll recognize concerning anger when you sense something colder, more personal, or fixated beyond frustration. The bottom line: Trust your gut. Don't dismiss that flicker of unease because you assume it's drama or don't want to overreact. Instead, talk to a trusted friend, colleague, or if at work, a supervisor or human resources.



What Coaching Is Really Like

Many people have never been to professional coaching, not because they aren't interested or don't need it, but because they're anxious about what it involves—usually due to a mental image shaped by television dramas. You don't have to dredge up your childhood, have a “big problem,” or confront painful issues you aren't ready to discuss. And you won't be analyzed with a stream of psychological labels or diagnostic terms. Coaching stems from fields such as positive psychology, motivational interviewing, career counseling, and mentoring, among others. Coaching centers around the idea that the client has the answers to their questions or challenges. Therefore, coaching usually feels more like a focused conversation. You do most of the talking, and the coach listens while helping you decide on goals and strategies for success. For many people, coaching can feel like the most honest and productive conversation they've had in a long time, leaving them relieved, hopeful, motivated, and genuinely heard.



Managing AI Anxiety



Helping people manage AI anxiety is a relatively new but growing topic of concern. While no single source has all the answers, there are strategies you can use to manage this change and how AI may be affecting you. First, nail down your specific fear rather than letting it stay vague. “I’m worried AI will replace part of my role” can be examined; a general sense of dread can’t. Naming a problem shifts attention toward solutions. Second, focus on what’s in your control. You can’t change AI, but you can research which skills pair well with it—some may even excite you, match your abilities, and offer real possibilities for your future. Third, instead of losing sleep over worst-case guesses, ask others directly how AI may be impacting them, what they are learning and their concerns. Fourth, think about how you managed change in the past, skills you developed to help you thrive. Fifth, guard your health when anxiety feels overwhelming—leverage sleep, breaks, boundaries, diet, and physical wellness. If your health slips, managing anxiety becomes tougher. Sixth, if worry affects your sleep, mood, or focus, connect with a health provider to process stress and consider solutions. Uncertainty is the hardest part, but you don’t have to face it alone. Talking with others or seeking out a mental health provider can help you find answers and a path forward as we all navigate an uncertain future with AI.

National Wellness Month: Surprisingly Small Habits with Big Health Payoffs

Some health habits are small and easy to implement yet have huge payoffs. Create habits from any of the following and start improving your health tomorrow. 1) Take a 10-minute walk after meals to blunt blood sugar spikes and support heart health—research shows it beats a 30-minute walk taken later. 2) Sleep with regularity, not just duration. Consistent sleep and wake times are as important as getting enough hours and can improve mood, metabolism, and focus. 3) If you sit during the day, set a timer to stand and walk for 1–2 minutes every hour. It’s not the standing but the movement that counts, enough movement to offset the negative effects of prolonged sitting. 4) Drink a glass of water before your morning coffee. Mild dehydration upon waking is normal but can stimulate hunger or fatigue; water hydrates while curbing appetite, potentially helping weight management. 5) Take a couple of minutes daily to jot down what’s going well in your life. This isn’t journaling—it’s training mental reflexes, building an automatic habit of looking for the positive when adverse events occur. None of this requires much willpower or extra time. Learn more at: glycemicsnap.com/blog/walking-after-meals-blood-sugar.



Women and ADHD



Attention deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD) is frequently associated with boys and men who have symptoms of restlessness, impulsivity, and difficulty sitting still. Those symptoms are common, but ADHD can look very different in women, making it easier to overlook. Differences in symptoms, combined with gender bias in diagnosis, leave many women undiagnosed. Their symptoms tend to be inattentive—difficulty concentrating, forgetfulness, disorganization, and trouble managing time. Without answers, many women blame themselves instead, assuming a personal flaw, character weakness, or lack of effort. Rarely do they consider that their struggles could stem from an underlying, treatable condition. If you’ve spent years feeling scattered, overwhelmed, or like you’re working twice as hard just to keep up, don’t assume it’s simply who you are. Start with a health provider and a confidential discussion to find the medical expertise needed for a clear diagnosis and effective treatment. You can stop blaming yourself, end the confusion, and thrive.

This past week NPR ran a story on this very subject: <https://www.npr.org/2026/07/26/nx-s1-5821101/adhd-women-health-diagnosis-missed-treatment> Also, learn more at additudemag.com/adhd-in-women/.

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